

WHY IS FOG A PROBLEM?

If not handled properly, FOG can solidify and stick to the sides of your kitchen drains and sewer pipes. The most common accumulation comes from your daily dishwashing process. Over time, buildup of FOG can plug your pipes and cause sewer back-ups for your home. These blockages are very expensive to businesses, homeowners and the City. In addition, cleanup can result in the shut down of affected businesses and can disrupt the homeowner.



Fats, Oils and Grease (FOG) Program:

Information for Residents



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*For the Service Area of
Castle Rock, Castle Pines &
Castle Pines North.*

Fats, Oils and Grease (FOG)

WHAT CONTRIBUTES TO FATS, OILS AND GREASE?

- Food scraps
- Cooking oils
- Condiments such as salad dressings and salad spreads
- Meat juices, fat and gravy
- Deep fried dishes
- Pastries
- Butter



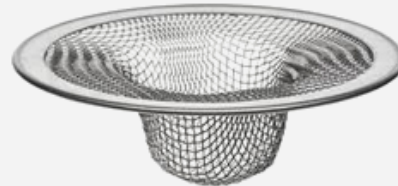
CORRECT FOG DISPOSAL

Collect all liquid oil and grease from pots and pans into a container, then seal and discard with your regular garbage.

Scrape dishes into the garbage. “Dry wipe” pots, pans, dishware and work areas before washing to remove grease and food wastes.

Pre-wash plates by spraying them off with cold water over a small mesh basket positioned over the drain. This catch basin should be emptied into the garbage can.

Install drain screens to catch food waste.



Use your garbage disposal sparingly.

INCORRECT FOG DISPOSAL

Do **NOT** pour grease or cooking oil down the kitchen drain, toilet or any other drain in your home.



Do **NOT** put coffee grounds, egg shells or kitty litter down the drain or toilet.

Even the smallest amount of FOG can solidify and stick to sewer lines. This can lead to a sanitary sewer overflow, which can create serious public health hazards and can damage property.